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PTO/SB/21 (08-03)

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APR 2 0 2005 TRANSMITTAL	Filing Date	10 November 2003
FORM	First Named Inventor	Brasch
May be used for all correspondence after initial filing)	Art Unit	2859
	Examiner Name	C. Bradley Bennet
Total Number of Pages in This Submission 2	Attorney Docket Number	
ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
Fee Attached Amendment/Reply After Final Affidavits/declaration(s) Extension of Time Request Express Abandonment Request Information Disclosure Statement Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) Response to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application		After Allowance communication to Group Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences Appeal Communication to Group (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief) Proprietary Information Status Letter Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below): nmunication Sent al office action mailed
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT		
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Date 4/18/05		
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Mr. Bennett:

This letter is a supplemental response to your initial office action (to communications filed by me on 10 November 2003) for application #10/705,425. Please allow me to justify our point of view, by addressing both of your rejections more directly.

For your rejection of claims 1-7, based on Section 102, your reasoning is that the Mertes patent discloses a catch and a strike in its drawing figure. However, nowhere in the written specification of that patent does it even suggest that items 4 and 5 are intended as a latch, whatsoever. Items 4 and 5 are presented as a centering pin and an aperture. By no means can it be construed that these items together make up a latch. They combine to form a locating feature, at most. The specification of that patent states the diameter of the centering pin is less than the diameter of the hole. Again, this cannot be taken to suggest a latching ability.

Furthermore, even if items 4 and 5 were introduced explicitly as elements of a latch, the device itself would not anticipate a dipstick cleaner. An audio compact disc cleaner, for example, would indeed be anticipated. But, a dipstick wiper, in all practicality, has nothing to do a record cleaner. Consider the way that the record cleaner is meant to be used, according to the patent specification. Fluid is applied to the device before it may even function properly. Static charge is a concern that is also heavily associated with the device, in the patent. If it were actually the case that a record cleaner anticipates a dipstick wiper, then the patent issued to Michaels for a ullage rod cleaner could not have been granted. Clearly that is not the case.

Now, for your rejection of claims 8-11, based on Section 103, you have reckoned that our case would be obvious, and unpatentable over Mertes in view of Michaels. Although the question of obviousness is left to your own discretion, let me insist that your judgement has been made too hastily. Thankfully, the Mertes patent was issued many years before the Michaels patent. If your reasoning is appropriate—that the construction of our device is obvious, then surely it would have been included in the Michaels patent specification. What you have done is suggested an improper combination of two unrelated inventions. They simply do not share enough to be considered together.

As to whether or not our claims delineate enough information remains to be determined. My guess is that more emphasis on storing our device in the closed position could be translated into the claims. But, that is already implicitly worded within the detailed description of our original application, in paragraph 5:

"... In use, the invention is opened to accept the dipstick..."

Please consider the merits of our case in proper fashion. In all fairness to my client, it is difficult to support the basis of your rejections. I'm more interested in what you would suggest to strengthen our claims.

Graciously,

Ker Cafull Ken Campbell